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## UNITED STATES COURT OF APPEALS FOR THE FOURTH CIRCUIT

## **DISCLOSURE STATEMENT**

- In civil, agency, bankruptcy, and mandamus cases, a disclosure statement must be filed by **all** parties, with the following exceptions: (1) the United States is not required to file a disclosure statement; (2) an indigent party is not required to file a disclosure statement; and (3) a state or local government is not required to file a disclosure statement in pro se cases. (All parties to the action in the district court are considered parties to a mandamus case.)
- In criminal and post-conviction cases, a corporate defendant must file a disclosure statement.
- In criminal cases, the United States must file a disclosure statement if there was an organizational victim of the alleged criminal activity. (See question 7.)
- Any corporate amicus curiae must file a disclosure statement.
- Counsel has a continuing duty to update the disclosure statement.

No.	Caption:		
Purs	euant to FRAP 26.1 and Local Rule 26.1,		
(nan	ne of party/amicus)		
	o is, makes the following disclosure: ellant/appellee/petitioner/respondent/amicus/intervenor)		
1.	Is party/amicus a publicly held corporation or other publicly held entity?	YES	NO
2.	Does party/amicus have any parent corporations?  If yes, identify all parent corporations, including all generations of parent corporations.	YES orporatio	NO ons:
3.	Is 10% or more of the stock of a party/amicus owned by a publicly held corother publicly held entity?  If yes, identify all such owners:	rporation YES	or NO

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Couns	sel for:		
Signat	ture: Date:		
7.	Is this a criminal case in which there was an organizational victim? If yes, the United States, absent good cause shown, must list (1) each org victim of the criminal activity and (2) if an organizational victim is a corparent corporation and any publicly held corporation that owns 10% or n of victim, to the extent that information can be obtained through due dilig	poration, the nore of the st	
6.	Does this case arise out of a bankruptcy proceeding? If yes, the debtor, the trustee, or the appellant (if neither the debtor nor the party) must list (1) the members of any creditors' committee, (2) each decaption), and (3) if a debtor is a corporation, the parent corporation and a corporation that owns 10% or more of the stock of the debtor.	btor (if not i	n n the
5.	Is party a trade association? (amici curiae do not complete this question) If yes, identify any publicly held member whose stock or equity value co substantially by the outcome of the proceeding or whose claims the trade pursuing in a representative capacity, or state that there is no such memb	association	
4.	Is there any other publicly held corporation or other publicly held entity financial interest in the outcome of the litigation?  If yes, identify entity and nature of interest:	that has a dir YES	rect NO